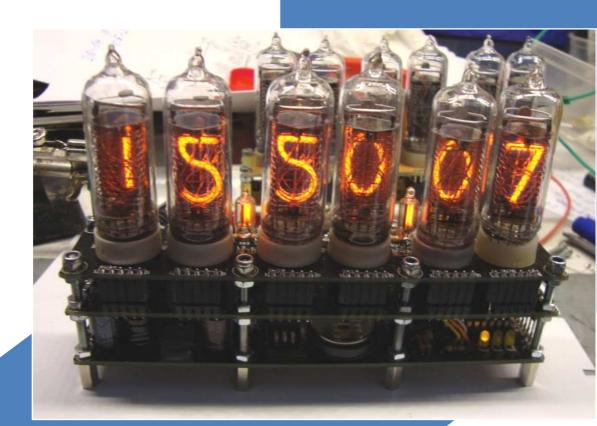
IN-14 Nixie Clock - Build Description





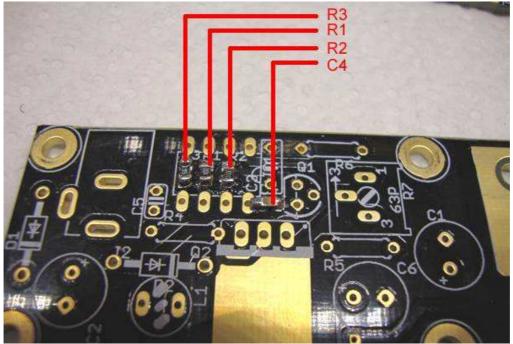
Elektronica Stynus 2011

Bottom PCB

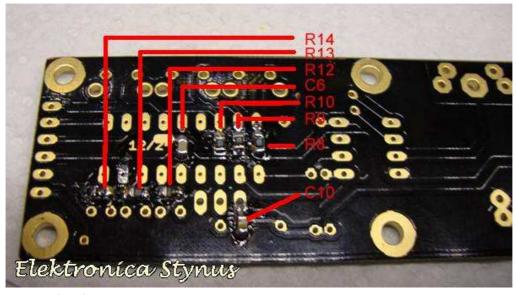
Part list

Parts R1, R12, R13, R14 R2, R8, R9, R10 R3 R4 R5 R6 R11, R61, R62 R7	Value 1K 10K 56K 2K2 220K 470R 4K7 1K	Extra info SMD 0805 SMD 0805 SMD 0805
C1, C2 C4, C7, C8, C9, C10 C3 C5 C6 C12	220μF 25V 100nF 2.2nF 2.2nF 4.7μF 250V 100nF	 3.5mm pitch 8mm diameter SMD 0805 5mm pitch 2.5mm pitch 3.5mm pitch 8mm diameter 5mm pitch
D1 D2	1N4007 UF4007	Or
Q1 Q2 Q3	BC547 IRF740 32,768KHz	BC547 IRF740 CRYSTALTC38H
LED1, LED2, LED3 S1, S2, S3	LED3MM Push button	Angled 90°
L1	100µH Coil	
IC1 IC2 IC3 IC4 IC12	LM555 7805 PIC16F628 DS18B20 DS1307	Dip 8 +bolt and nut Needs programming
J2 SV13 G1	DC jack 6 pin header CR2032 coin cell holder	Long leads + CR2032 Cell

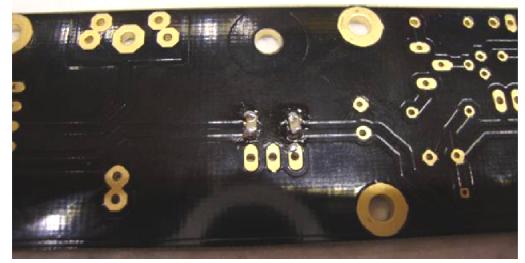
Surface mount parts



R3 = 56K (563) R1 = 1K (102) R2 = 10K (103) C4 = 100nF

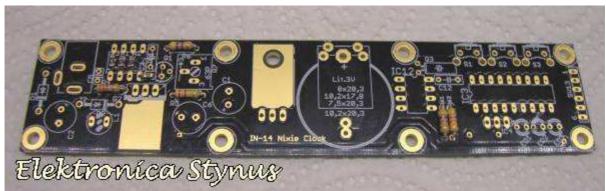


R14 = 1K (102) R13 = 1K (102) R12 = 1K (102) C6 = 100nF R10 = 10K (103) R9 = 10K (103) R7 = 10K (103) C10 = 100nF

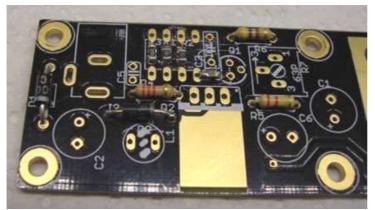


C7 = 100nF C8 = 100nF

Trough hole parts



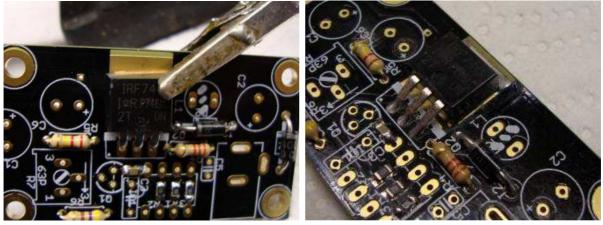
R4 = 2K2 (Red Red Red) R5 = 220K (Red Red Yellow) R6 = 470R (Yellow Purple Brown) R61, R62 = 4K7 (Yellow Purple Red)



D1 = 1N4007 D2 = UF4007 Or \bigwedge Watch the polarity! For the next step we have to remove the tab from the mosfet. It is best to clamp it with the tab in a vice and saw it off. (You can skip this if you don't mind the mosfet extending out from the side.)



Now you can clamp it to the pcb and solder it in place.

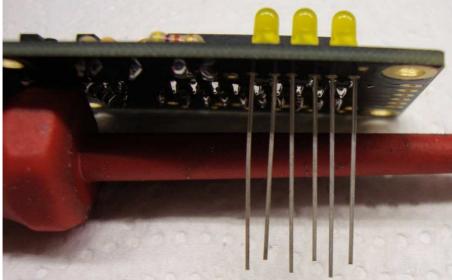




R7 1K potentiometer (102)
IC1, IC12 8 pin IC socket
IC3 18 pin IC socket
▲ Watch the polarity! ▲



- C5 2,2nF (221) C12 100nF (103) Q1 BC547
- Watch the polarity!



LED1, LED2, LED3 3mm Led Watch the polarity!

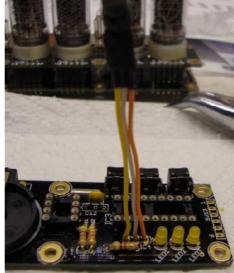


- J2 DC Jack
- IC2 7805 +bolt and nut (Screw first, then solder)
- G1 CR2032 coin cell holder
- Q3 32,768KHz crystal



C1, C2	220µF 25V
C6	4.7μF 250V
L1	100µH Coil
S1, S2, S3	Push button

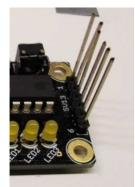




IC4 DS18B20

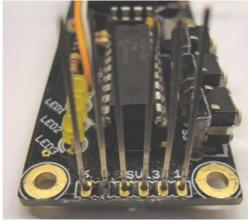
This component is the temperature sensor. It can be mounted direct to the pcb, but that way you measure the temperature inside the case, so it is recommended to solder it to some 5cm long wires en mount it on the outside of the case.

Match the polarity!



SV13 6 pin header

Solder it to the bottem side of the pcb, then remove the plastic from the header (or push it a few mm up) and solder pin 5 from the above.



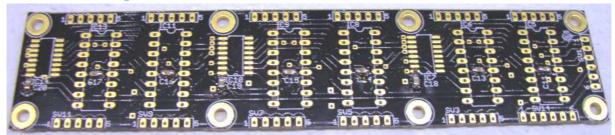
Now you can insert the IC1 in the socket, the IC3 and IC12 must be left out until the testing step.

Middle PCB

Part list

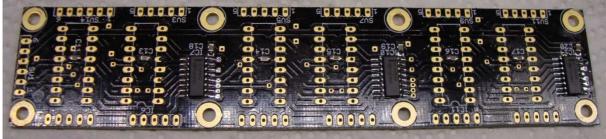
Parts	Value	Extra info
C11, C13, C18, C14, C15, C16, C17, C20, C19	100nF	SMD 0805
IC14, IC10, IC18	74HC595	SMD
IC5, IC6, IC8, IC9, IC11, IC13	74141	
SV1	6 pin female header	
SV14	6 pin male header	
SV2, SV3, SV4, SV5, SV6, SV7, SV8, SV9, SV10, SV11, SV12	5 pin male header	

Surface mount parts



C11, C13, C18, C14, C15, C16, C17, C20, C19

100nF



IC14, IC10, IC18 74HC595 Watch the polarity!

Trough hole parts

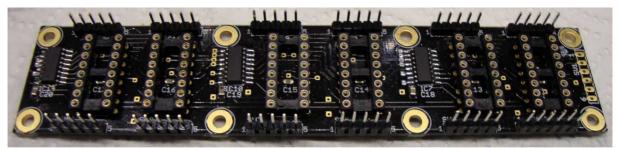


IC5, IC6, IC8, IC9, IC11, IC13 16 pin IC socket

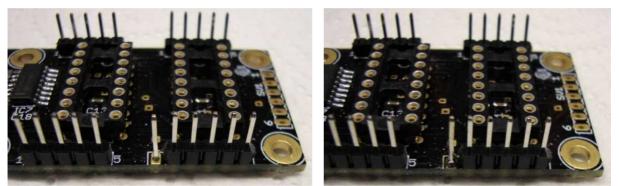
Watch the polarity!



 SV2, SV3, SV4, SV5, SV6, SV7, SV8, SV9, SV10, SV11, SV12
 5 pin header



SV14 6 pin header



Solder the bottom of SV14, then remove the plastic from pin 1 of sv14, and solder it from the top.



6 pin female header



Insert IC1, IC2, IC4, IC5, IC7, IC8 74141
Watch the polarity!

Top PCB

Part list

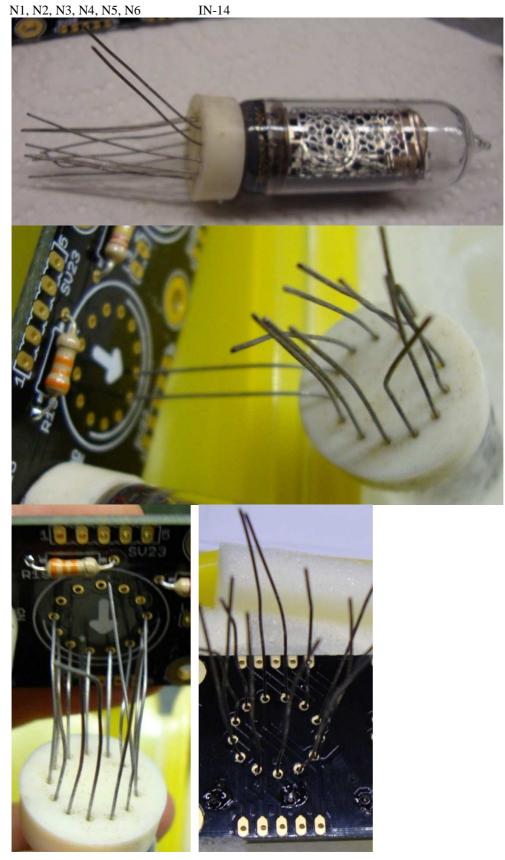
Parts R15, R16, R17, R18, R19, R20 R21, R22 N1, N2, N3, N4, N5, N6 L2, L3 SV26 SV15, SV16, SV17, SV18, SV19, SV20, SV21, SV22, SV23, SV24, SV25 Value 33K 220K IN-14 NEON 6 pin female header 5 pin female header Extra info

Trough hole parts



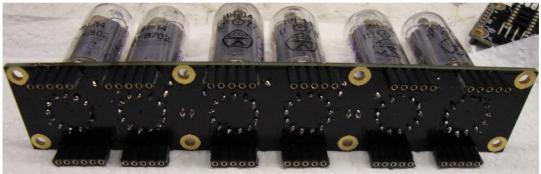
R15, R16, R17, R18, R19, R2033KR21, R22220K

Now it is time to insert the nixie tubes. I find it the easiest if I bend the first wire 90° and insert it. Then bend the rest of the wires and insert them 1 at the time.





L2, L3



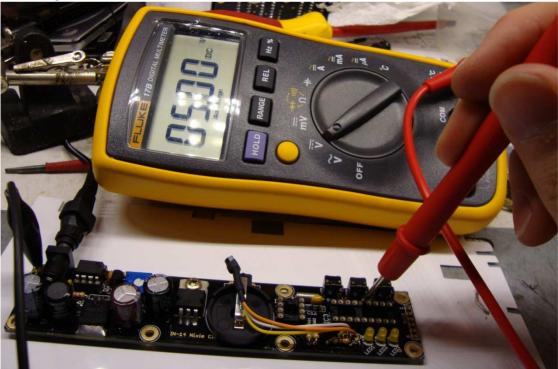
SV26 SV15, SV16, SV17, SV18, SV19, SV20, SV21, SV22, SV23, SV24, SV25

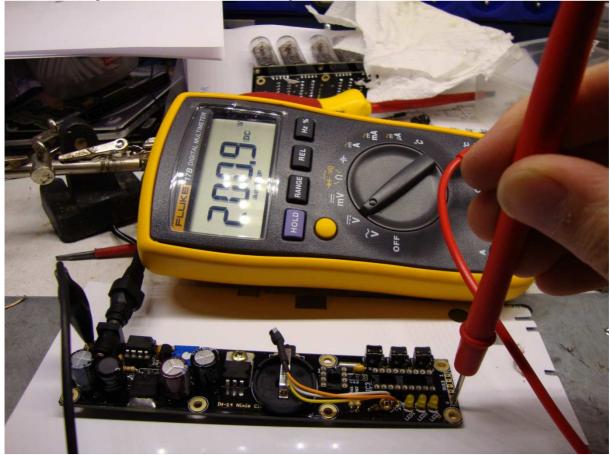
6 pin female header 5 pin female header

Testing

First we are going test the power supplies from the bottom pcb. Make sure that the IC3 and IC12 are not in their sockets.

Connect the 12V power supply and measure if the 5V voltage regulator gives the right voltage. It is easy to measure on pin 14 of the ic socket from IC3. You can take a mounting hole as ground point. The voltage should be between 4,75 and 5,25V



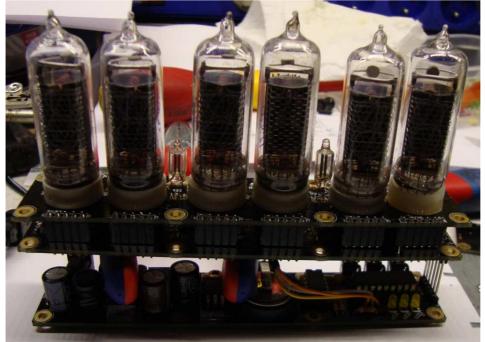


Now measure on pin 6 of sv13 and calibrate the voltage to about 200V with R7.

Now the ic's and the battery can be inserted

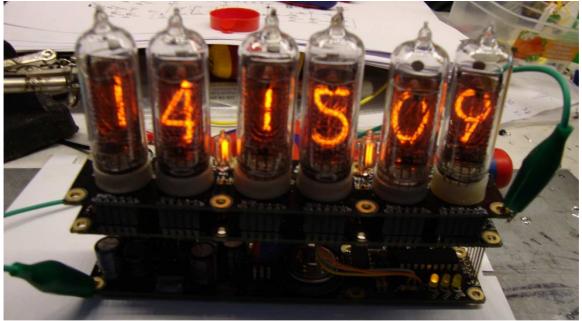
- IC3 16F628A (With software)
- IC12 DS1307
- G1 CR2032 Cell

Now it is time to test the clock. It is best to do this before you insert the screws. For this you need to put something isolating between the pcb's. (For example the handle's from a isolated pliers)



There is one problem with testing it this way: there is no ground connection between the top 2 pcb's. You can insert 1 screw to make this, or use a piece of wire with crocodile clips between the mounting holes

Now turn the power on.



(In this picture you can also see the crocodile clips wire)

At first the clock will not run. After pressing a button to correct the time it will start. (This is only at the first startup)



Now you can insert the screws or threaded rods.

Time/Date adjust

To adjust the time:

When the clock is in time mode you can change the hour with S1, the minutes with S2 and the seconds with S3.

To adjust the date:

When the clock is in date mode you can change the day with S1, the month with S2 and the year with S3.

After a few seconds the clock will go back to the normal display mode.

Troubleshooting

If you have any problems with the nixie clock please don't hesitate to contact me. I prefer that this is done by posting a question on the forum (<u>http://forum.elektronicastynus.be/</u>), but you may also email me at info@elektronicastynus.be